

# Intraducing

# Nobivac: Canine 1-DAPPvL<sub>2</sub>



**Protecting precious bonds** 









# Nobivac<sup>®</sup>: Canine 1-DAPPvL<sub>2</sub>

Nobivac Canine 1 is a modified live vaccine for the immunization of healthy dogs against

- 1. Canine Distemper
- 2. Adenovirus Type 2
- 3. Infectious Canine Hepatitie
- 4. Parainfluenza
- 5. Parvovirus
- 6. Leptospirosis (L. canicola and L. icterohaemorrhagiae)

#### **Administration**

Inject 1ml of rehydrated vaccine subcutaeounsly or intramuscularly at 6 weeks of age or older Repeat dosage at 2-4 weeks intervals until the dog is 12 weeks old A minimum of two 1ml doses are required for primary immunization Annual revaccination with 1 dose is recommended

\*Duration of immunity is at least 4 years for distemper, adenovirus (CAV1 and CAV2) and parvovirus.

#### **Presentation**

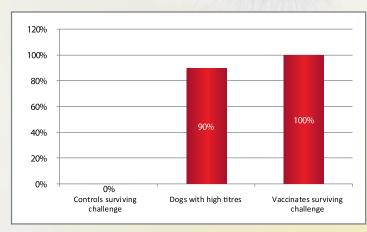
25x1d (Sterile Diluent included)

**Nobivac Canine 1** is a tried and tested vaccine for the core canine diseases

#### Distemper Antigen

Onderstepoort-type strain, MLV	
Proven efficacious and safe for over 50 years	A long history of effective protection
Propagated on an established mammalian cell line	Offers improved consistency and availability and won't easily adapt to canine nervous tissue
<ul> <li>Induces high level of protection against distemper one year after vaccination</li> </ul>	Supported by the MSD Animal Health Pet-Protect Guarantee
Provided 90% protection against challenge 4.5 years after vaccination	Long-lasting protection
Demonstrated not to cause immunosuppression	Use with confidence
• Primary vaccination may begin as early as 6 weeks. Last dose may be given at 12 weeks of age.	Convenient vaccination schedule









### Nobivace Canine 1-DAPPvL<sub>2</sub>



#### Nobivac® Canine 1 4.5 year Duration of Immunity Challenge

- 90% of vaccinates protected against clinical signs of Distemper (CDV)
- 100% of vaccinates survived challenge with virulent CDV

Parvovirus Antigen	
<ul> <li>Contains MLV canine parvovirus type 2b (CPV-2b), the most prevalent field strain of parvovirus (CPV-2b accounts for &gt;90% of all current parvovirus cases)</li> </ul>	√ Close to actual CPV field strain i.e. relevant antigen
<ul> <li>Protects against all field strains currently seen: CPV-2c, CPV-2b,CPV-2a, CPV-2</li> </ul>	√ Provides broad protection
· High antigenic mass (titer), low passage vaccine	
<ul> <li>Effective in overriding maternal antibodies in young puppies as demonstrated by seroconversion and challenge studies</li> </ul>	√ Induces quick, strong immunity at early age
<ul> <li>Provides excellent protection against challenge one year after vaccination</li> </ul>	√ Supported by the MSD Animal Health Pet-Protect Guarantee
<ul> <li>Provides 100% protection against challenge with CPV</li> <li>4.5 years after vaccination</li> </ul>	√ Long lasting protection
<ul> <li>Primary vaccination may begin as early as 6 weeks.</li> <li>Last dose may be given at 12 weeks of age</li> </ul>	√ Convenient vaccination schedule
<ul> <li>Provides excellent protection after single dose vaccination in naïve puppies</li> </ul>	

#### **CAV-2 Studies**

Immunogenicity versus infectious canine hepatitis (Canine Adenovirus-1; CAV-1)

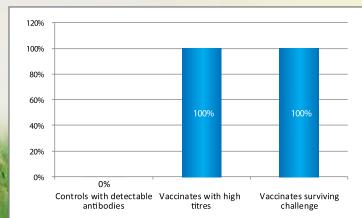
Vaccinates	Controls
1 vaccine; 50% subcutaneously & 50% intramuscularly	No vaccine
Challenged 3 weeks post vaccination	Challenged at the same time as vaccinates
High serum neutralization titers	No detectable CAV-2 antibodies
Mild/inapparent clinical signs of infectious canine hepatitis (ICH)	Severe ICH: 1 control died, 2 developed blue-eye syndrome
Temperatures remained normal	Fever
Gained weight throughout the postchallenge period	Lost weight

Vaccination with CAV-2 cross-protects against infectious canine hepatitis (ICH) caused by CAV-1

#### 4.5 year duration of immunity versus Infectious Canine Hepatitis (CAV-1)

Puppies were vaccinated with two doses of vaccine and compared with unvaccinated controls. Vaccine efficacy was determined by challenge with virulent CAV-1 4.5 years after vaccination











## Nobivace Canine 1-DAPPvL<sub>2</sub>

Vaccinates	Controls
1 vaccine; 50% subcutaneously & 50% intramuscularly	No vaccine
Challenged 3 weeks post vaccination	Challenged at the same time as vaccinates
High serum neutralization titers	No detectable CAV-2 antibodies
Mild/inapparent clinical signs of respiratory disease	Severe respiratory disease in all controls
Gained weight throughout the postchallenge period	No weight gain

#### **Adenovirus Type-2 Antigen**

Ditchfield strain, MLV	√ Highly immunogenic strain.
• Crossprotects for CAV-1, so the vaccine protects against infectious canine hepatitis and respiratory disease.	√ Broad CAV protection.
<ul> <li>Induces high level of protection against infectious canine hepatitis and CAV-2 respiratory disease one year after vaccination.</li> </ul>	√ Supported by MSD Animal Health Pet Project Guarantee.
<ul> <li>Provides 100% protection against challenge with CAV-2 4.5 years after vaccination.</li> </ul>	√ Use with confidence; long-lasting protection.
Does not cause blue-eye syndrome or kidney damage as does CAV-1 vaccine.	√ Does not cause lesions associated with CAV-1.
<ul> <li>Primary vaccination may begin as early as 6 weeks.</li> <li>Last dose may be given at 12 weeks of age.</li> </ul>	√ Convenient vaccination schedule.

#### **Parainfluenza Antigen**

MLV	
Challenge data show high level protection one year after vaccination.	√ Highly immunogenic √ Provides protection against disease
Decreases virulent virus shedding postchallenge.	√ High local IgA levels able to neutralize virulent virus √ Significant reduction of shedding
Protects against one component of canine cough.	
• Primary vaccination may begin as early as 6 weeks. Last dose may be given at 12 weeks of age.	√ Convenient vaccination schedule

#### Leptospirosis Antigen

Contains two serovars:     L. canicola and L. icterohaemorrhagiae	√ Broad protection
Bacterin (killed bacterial vaccine)	
Lyophilized with DAPPv antigens	√ Lyophilization increases stability
Challenge data demonstrated a high level protection	√ Stimulates effective immunity
• Primary vaccination may begin as early as 6 weeks. Last dose may be given at 12 weeks of age.	√ Convenient vaccination schedule

#### Why Use Nobivac Canine 1 DAPPvL2

- Nobivac is backed by field challenge studies and not serological studies
- ii) Established duration of immunity
- iii) Nobivac gives a broader protection on Parvovirus, covering all field strains (CPV-2c, CPV-2b, CPV-2a, CPV-2)
- iv) Excellent technical local support system
- Readily available with the backing of CKL Africa Ltd sales & distribution eco system
- Effective on all classes of dogs; both indoor and working dogs

